

(6) A claim to the effect that a food is a good source of a vitamin or mineral may be made if the food contains no less than 25% of the recommended daily intake for that vitamin or mineral.

(7) A claim regarding the food being fortified shall only be permitted where the food has been approved by the Director, or his or her representative, as being suitable for such and shall not include food considered by the Director, or his or her representative, to be high in sugars, fat or salt, with the exception of fortified salt itself.

23. (1) Every package containing a breast-milk substitute for sale shall, in addition to other mandatory requirements specified in these Regulations, bear on or attached to it, a label containing -- Breast milk substitutes

- (a) the words "Important Notice" or their equivalent;
- (b) a statement of the superiority of breast feeding; and
- (c) a statement that the product should be used only on advice of a health worker as to the need for its use and the proper method of use; and
- (d) for products which do not meet all the requirements of an infant formula, but which can be modified to do so; a warning that the unmodified product should not be the sole source of nourishment for an infant.

(2) Infant formula shall, in addition to other mandatory requirements specified in this regulation, also comply with the commodity standards prescribed in the Fifteenth Schedule.

(3) Every package containing sweetened condensed milk for sale shall bear on or have attached to it, a label containing, in addition to requirements specified in subregulations (1), a statement that is not suitable for infant feeding.

24. (1) An advertisement for a food shall not contain any word, statement, expression, pictorial representation, design or abbreviation that is prohibited from being included in or on the label for such a food. Prohibited advertising